

## Weeping Blue Atlas Cedar

The weeping blue Atlas cedar is a decorative tree that is variable in size and has a weeping shape. This evergreen conifer has powdery to silvery blue needles in whorls with a few small cones in the spring. It should be grown in full sun, but can tolerate some shade. On average, mature size is 10 ft tall and 15 ft wide. It needs to be staked and trained to grow into the desired form. Grows about 1 to 1.5 feet per year. Prefers well drained, acidic loam soil, though it can adapt to many kinds of soils. Water well the first year to establish the roots. Generally drought resistant and not need much watering. Shelter from strong wind. No significant pest or disease problems.



## Blue Atlas Cedar



This silvery blue evergreen has rapid growth. When young has an open stiff appearance, then fills in with age. It has a pyramidal shape with medium powdery blue narrow needles in spirals. Will grow to 60 to 100 feet and a width of 40 ft. It tolerates a range of soil types including dry, clay and sandy soil but not wet, poorly drained areas. Drought tolerant. Grow in full sun to partial shade.

## The Colorado Blue Spruce

The Colorado Blue spruce is a slow growing dense pyramidal tree normally 30-50 feet at maturity with at 10 to 20 feet spread in landscapes. Once established, will grow about twelve inches/year. Needles are initially a soft clump then change to a stiff, pointed needle sharp to the touch. The needle-like evergreen foliage of the Colorado Blue Spruce has a very stiff appearance. Its foliage color varies from blue-green to silver. Works well as a windbreak, screen, border, and specimen plant. Prefers full sun, but will grow in part sun. Will tolerate clay, loam, sand, acidic, occasionally wet, alkaline, well-drained . Moderately drought tolerant.



## Fat Albert Blue Spruce



A dense and compact spire-shaped evergreen accent tree with large stout branches and long, very pointy silvery-blue needles, very showy and colorful, extremely hardy and rugged. Matures at 15 ft tall with a spread of 10 feet. This is a relatively low maintenance tree. It grows at a slow rate. Grow in full sunlight. Very adaptable to both dry and moist growing conditions, but will not tolerate any standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant. Not particular as to soil type or pH.

## The Hoopsii Blue Spruce



The Hoopsii Blue Spruce is one of the bluest and most consistent in color of the blue spruce, with long, thick silver-blue needles. The mature height is 12-25 ft with a 8-12 foot spread with a medium to fast rate of growth. It has a medium, upright, broad, and often irregular. It is hardy with medium water requirements, full to partial sun exposure. Grows best in fertile soil, but will tolerate poor soil and drought.

## Weeping Norway Spruce

The weeping Norway spruce is a hardy slow-growing conifer that produces long branches up to 15 feet in length. Grows well in flower or rock gardens. They grow in an outward direction instead of upward. Stake the tree to increase the height. Should be planted in full or partial shade in soil that drains well.



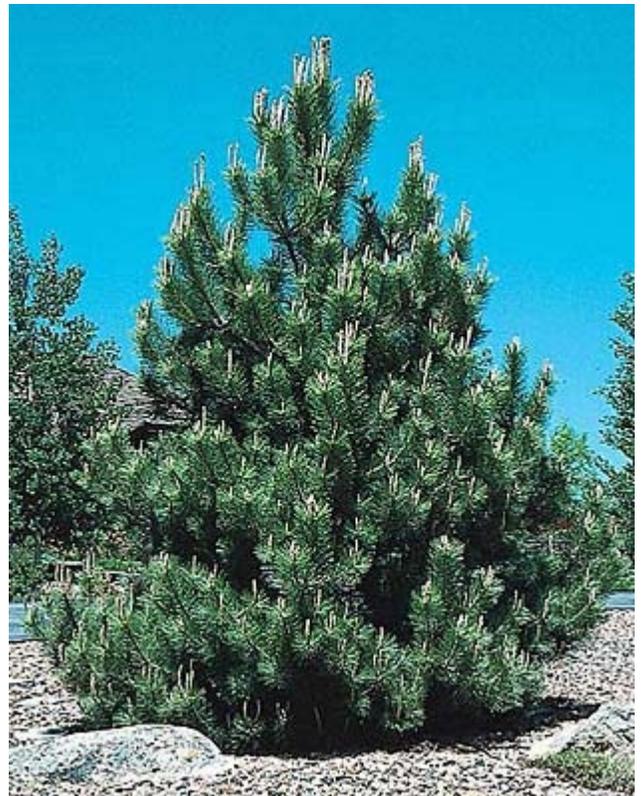
## Scotch Pine



Scotch Pine is a slow to medium growing evergreen conifer. This pine has a crooked or twisted trunk that may split into several widely divergent branches at maturity, thus forming a picturesque crown of gnarled branches. Its shape is more or less upright pyramidal when young, but quickly becomes irregular and contorted, as if twisted by the wind. Does best in well-drained soils of acidic pH, but is known for its tolerance of poor soils that may be sandy, rocky, or of heavy clay, and of acidic, neutral, or alkaline pH. It thrives on neglect in full sun, and tolerates prolonged drought. It grows in zones 3 to 7.

## Austrian Pine

Austrian Pine is a moderate growing, large evergreen conifer with a long life span. At maturity it is a broad, flat-topped tree with a stout trunk. The needles are glossy, dark green, pairs, 3-5" long. The stiff needles are borne in pairs, glossy, dark green, 3 to 5 inches long. The bark is gray-brown with dark brown deep furrows. The cones are 2 to 3 inches long and appear singly or in clusters. This is a very adaptable pine; tolerant of alkaline and heavy clay soils. It develops a lot of character, making it a fine specimen tree, useful as well for screening, and windbreak. Well situated plants should be relatively trouble free. In general they do not require fertilization, which can cause overgrowth. Medium tolerance to drought.



## Poodle Pine



Poodle pines are great ornamental trees that have all of the strengths of the scotch pines. The scotch pine is sculpted so that each branch off the trunk will have a ball of needles at the end. It requires some maintenance to keep the “pom pom” shape. This tree will grow very little when it is pruned yearly thus making it suited to small yards and decorative placements.

## Weeping White Pine

Weeping White Pine is a slow growing multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a rounded form and graceful weeping branches. It has blue-green foliage that generally covers the gray bark. It is typically seen from 6 to 12 feet tall in landscapes growing slowly, with long weeping branches which touch the ground. Once on the ground, branches grow along the ground like a creeping ground cover. Trees must be trained to develop a central trunk, otherwise the plant simply forms a sprawling shrub about 2-3 feet tall. It should be grown in full sunlight and moderately protected area. It is tolerant of both dry and moist growing conditions and is not particular to soil type. This tree/shrub requires occasional maintenance and



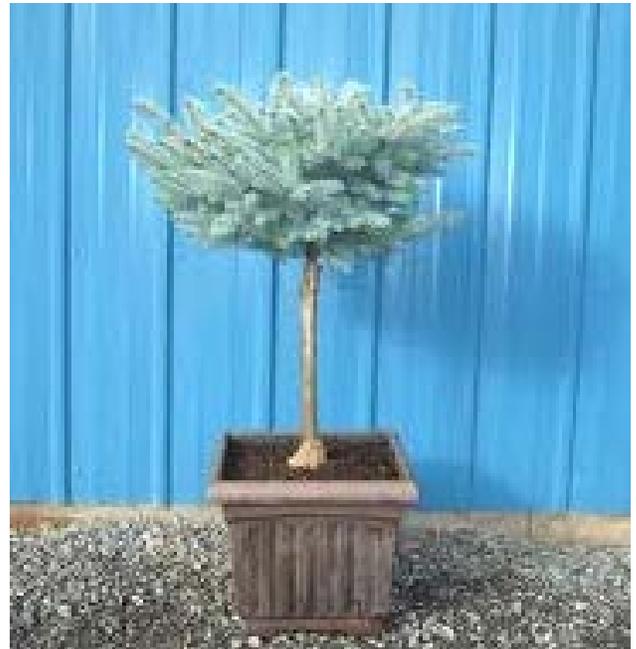
## The Boulevard Pom Pom Cypress



This decorative tree is an evergreen slow growing tree. At maturity, the pom pom tree is generally 8 feet tall by 3 ft wide. Prefers full sun. It prefers well-drained, neutral to acidic soils. Tolerates some drought and dry soil but grows best in moist soil. Generally pest and disease free. Requires yearly pruning to keep shape.

## Globe Spruce

This dwarf blue spruce is a wonderful ornamental small tree to place in any garden. This slow growing spruce is a dwarf mounding globe grafted onto an 1 8 inch std. The silvery-blue needles and color and texture to your garden. It is hardy with medium water requirements, full to partial sun exposure. Grows best in fertile soil, but will tolerate poor soil and drought.



## Cleveland Pear



The Cleveland Pear is an excellent street tree with dense white flowering in early spring and purple fall coloring. It has an attractive upright oval form and glossy green leaves. The Cleveland Select Pear reaches a height of 30 feet and width of 15 feet. This pear has a superior branch structure that withstands ice and wind damage better than the Bradford Pear. It is fruitless has few pest problems, tolerates urban conditions, and heavy clay soils.

## Quaking Aspen

The Quaking Aspen is a fast growing perennial tree with a shorter life span. Greenish/Gray-white bark is thin, smooth, and often peeling. Deciduous leaves green in summer and turning bright yellow to orange after first frost. They will reach maximum height at 20 years of 40 feet. Valued for its white bark and brilliant fall color, especially when clustered. Used widely in landscaping, but best in sites away from structures that might be damaged by aggressive roots. Provide good visual screening and noise abatement. Tolerates coarse, fine, or medium soil with pH 6-9. Requires sun and low tolerance to drought and restricted water conditions.



## Thunder Cloud Flowering Plum



Thundercloud flowering plum trees are dense deciduous trees with rounded crowns. Generally stand 15-25 feet tall and 20 feet wide at maturity. It is a fast growing and upright-spreading tree. It is a smaller tree suitable for small lots. In the spring, produces pink to white flowers that bloom in spring before the deep purple, elliptical leaves come out. The leaves hold their purple color into the fall season. Plant in full sun and any average well drained soil.

## Newport Cherry Plum

The highly decorative Newport cherry plum is a hardy purple-leaf, rounded, deciduous tree. New growth is light bronze and matures into a dark purple. In the spring it produces pale pink to white flowers. It usually grows between 15 to 20 feet. These trees are low maintenance preferring normal to moist soil, sun to full sun, and soil range from some sand to some clay with a pH of 4.5 to 7.5.



## Kwanzan Cherry



The Kwanzan cherry has double pink flowers and a vase-shaped form with a rounded crown that spreads with age, making the tree wider than it is tall at maturity. The new leaves are bronze colored, turning to dark green, then yellow, orange, or copper in fall. This is a fruitless cultivar. It prefers a site with full sun, loose, well drained soil with plenty of moisture. It is somewhat tolerant of alkaline soil and drought but is sensitive to pollution and stresses in general. For these reasons and because of its susceptibility to pests and disease, the life span is limited from 15 to 25 years. The great beauty of this tree makes it well worth planting for this short period of time.

## Akebono Cherry Tree

The Akebono cherry tree blossoms in early spring with fragrant, pink fluffy flowers. The tree produces fleshy, round, black fruit of less than 1 inch in diameter that birds enjoy. The tree exhibits medium-green foliage. In the fall, the leaves turn golden yellow with orange tints. It grows at a moderate pace. At maturity, the Akebono is between 25 and 35 feet in height with a spread of 25 to 40 feet. This tree is ideal for walkway. Requires a minimum of pruning. It develops thick roots that are near the surface, so do not plant this tree too close to a sidewalk. Once it settles, the Akebono tree is drought tolerant. It prefers full sun and well-drained soils, including sand, loam, clay and acidic. It is hardy from USDA zones 5b through 8a.



## Crabapple Prairie Fire



The Prairiefire crabapple is considered one of the best of the scab resistant crabapple cultivars in the nursery trade. It has purple new foliage that turn to a reddish green as they mature, clear red-pink flowers, and abundant dark red fruit. This deciduous tree grows to a mature height of 20 ft. In May, flowers bloom all over the tree. The flowers give rise to dark-red ½ in fruit that hangs on the tree through fall and winter providing food that larger song-birds enjoy. Very easily grown across many zones and prefers full sun and well drained soil.

## Spring Snow Crabapple

The spring snow crabapple is a beautiful addition to any yard. It is a moderate growing deciduous tree that has white show spring flowers with green foliage. A dense, oval crown shape that matures at 25 ft tall and 22 ft wide. Plant in full sun and once established only needs occasional watering. Fertilize each spring.



## Japanese Lace Leaf Maple



This small ornamental tree has variable shapes and colors. The “Tamukeyama” maintains its burgundy color in hot humid climates and resists scorching better than many other laceleaves. A vigorous grower with cascading branches and dark red bark that is covered with a white waxy covering. Prefers rich, moist, well-drained, slightly acidic soils, but is moderately adaptable to more adverse conditions. Is subject to drought. Matures at 8 ft tall and 6-8 feet wide.

## Laceleaf Maple “Viridis”

The Laceleaf maple ‘Viridis’ a beautiful green laceleaf forming a mounding shape. It bears bright green lace leaves 2”-3.5. Fall coloration is classified as golden-yellow with tints of red. As with other Japanese maple cultivars ‘Viridis’ prefers moist, well-drained soil. In order to avoid sun damage to the foliage it is advisable to provide. Will mature to an eventual height and width of 10’ by 10’, forming a cascading mound shape.



## Autumn Blaze Maple



The autumn blaze maple is one of the most popular of the maples. The summer color of the autumn blaze maple tree is a rich medium green, which turns into orange and crimson in the fall. The leaves of the autumn blaze maple tree will last longer on the branch than those of other maple trees. It has dense and healthy branching, and enhanced growth that protects from insects and disease. They can also live in a variety of climates and most soil conditions. It will grow 50 ft tall spread 30-40 ft. They grow faster than many of the other maples.

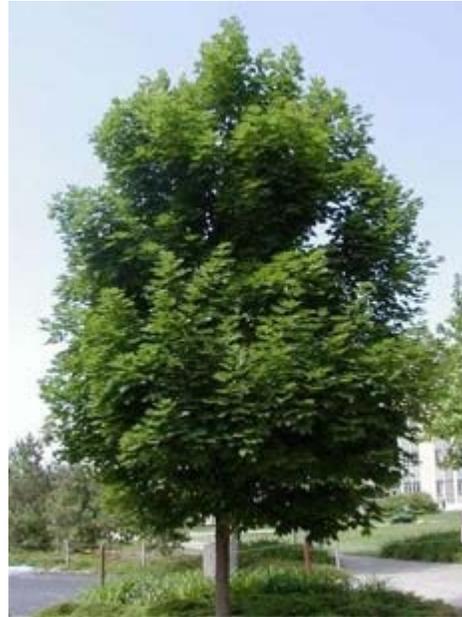
## Crimson King Maple

The Crimson King Maples are known for their striking purple/red foliage kept from spring until fall. The Crimson King matures to a height of 40-50 ft with 30 ft spread. Will adapt to a variety of soil types and growing conditions.



## Emerald Queen Maple

The Emerald Queen maple is a rapidly growing deciduous tree. The foliage is green spring through summer. The fall colors are a showy yellow and can brighten up any landscape. It can reach a height of 50 feet and 40 ft spread. This tree will tolerate a wide range of soil types and climate changes. Perfect for a specimen or street tree.



## American Sweetgum



The American Sweetgum is a beautiful tree that will mature at 45-60 feet tall. The branches are wide-spreading and horizontal at the base ascending at an angle. The trees bear leaves shaped like stars and provide excellent fall foliage color: some leaves may be red, others purple, yellow or orange—all on the same tree. Grow in full sun and in loamy soil that is on the acidic side.

## Weeping Snow fountain Cherry

The Snow Fountains Cherry is a small, semi-weeping variety that can be pruned into beautiful forms. The abundant white, single blooms on the weeping branches give the illusion of a fountain in the spring. The small leaves are dark green and change to beautiful gold-orange colors in the fall. This is a good choice for smaller landscapes or any place a smaller tree is desired. It is a heat and drought tolerant. At maturity, it is 12' by 12'.



## Weeping Higan Cherry



The gracefully drooping branches of the Weeping Higan Cherry are beautiful year-round. The tree blooms in full spring with light pink flowers before the glossy green leaves emerge for the summer, the leaves turn a vivid yellow before they drop in the late fall. The tree grows 20-30 feet tall and spreads 15-25 feet. Grows well on a wide array of sites and soils, but avoid those which are poorly drained. Select a sunny, windy location for this tree.

## Hakuro-nishiki



The Hakuro Nishiki is a dwarf shrub willow grafted into tree form. Grow in moist, fertile, well drained soil. Will tolerate poor soil, somewhat sandy soil or clay soil. Water consistently during first year. Prefers PH acidic to slightly alkaline soil. Grow in full sun to part shade. Best color is in full sun. Doesn't like prolonged heat. Plant in early spring. Growth habit when young is upright and outward in all directions. As plant matures, branches will arch gracefully. Grows quickly. Prune yearly to promote good color and maintain a manageable size. Any shoots from the trunk or roots should be removed as quickly as possible. They can eventually overtake and choke the grafted top if allowed to grow. The grafted portion, the tree top, can be pruned as desired when dormant, in late winter or very early spring before any new growth has begun. Fertilize in spring.

## Mugho Pine



Mugho Pine is a hardy, maintenance free little shrub, slow growing little pine- approximately 2 inches a year. Dense evergreen foliage 1-2 inches long, medium texture, medium to dark green. Works well in most landscape settings. It is tolerant of a wide range of soil types, including very calcareous soils. Normally used in foundation plantings, shrub borders and in groups as specimen shrubs. Mature 3-4' tall x 6-8' wide.

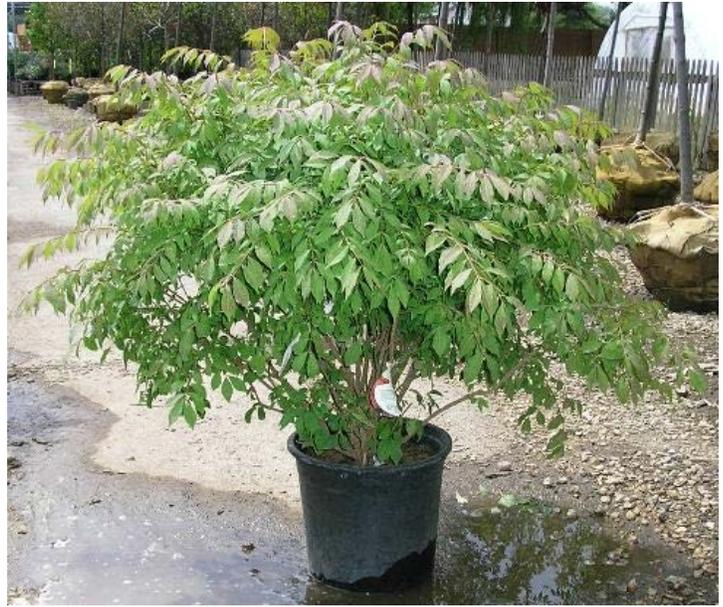
## Compact Hinoki Cypress

The Hinoki is a slow-growing mound evergreen shrub with good form and soft texture. Mature size is 2 ft high and 5 ft wide. Plant in full sun. Follow regular watering schedule, especially during first growing season to establish root system. Fertilize in spring. To maintain neat appearance shear annually in the fall to shape. The needle-leaved evergreen trees and shrubs make excellent specimen or hedge accents. Cover up footings, draw spaces and utilities. Color varies from deep greens to bright blues and yellows and form varies from spheres to narrow columns.



## Burning Bush

A beautiful low maintenance hardy shrub, the burning bush has medium green foliage in the summer that turns vibrant red in the fall. Should be planted in average, well-drained soil in sun or partial shade. Moderate growth rate that matures at 6 to 10 ft. It is effectively used in mass planting, in a shrub border, as an accent plant or as a neat attractive hedge.



## Burkwoodi Viburnum



The Burkwoodi Viburnum is a medium sized, semi evergreen ornamental shrub. It has snowball-shaped flower clusters in the spring, shiny green leaves through the summer, and slowly changes into a colorful array of foliage in the autumn. It is a hardy plant with strong immunity resistant to diseases and mildew. It has a medium growth rate and matures about 10 ft tall by 8 ft wide. Plant prefers full sun, moist, well-drained soils, but is adaptable to poor soils, compacted soils, soils of various Ph, heat, drought, and pollution and will tolerate partial shade.

## Cistena Blush Plum



The Cistena Plum is deciduous bush well known for fragrant light pink flowers which bloom in the early to mid spring. The leaves are purple to red leaves that remain through the summer months. It is fast growing and matures at a height of 6-10 feet. The Cistena plum should be planted in full sun, but will tolerate partial sun. They will tolerate slightly acidic to slightly alkaline pH levels soil that is moist but well drained.

## Dwarf Korean Lilac Bush

The dwarf Korean lilac bush is a compact, but spreading plant that is easy to grow. Grows to a mature height of 4-5 ft, making it perfect for smaller locations. It has small rich green tough foliage and beautiful fragrant lavender purple flowers spread out over the canopy of the shrub that blooms in late spring. It is widely used as a foundation, mass planting, and informal hedge or specimen shrub. Needs moist, well draining soil and as much direct sunlight as possible to grow and bloom properly, but very adaptable to different soil conditions.



## Otto Luyken (Dwarf English Laurel)

Otto Luyken is a more compact form of cherry laurel. It produces showy fragrant, erect white spike flowers, freely flowering, black fruit and glossy dark-green leaves. They make a beautiful hedge or accent plant. It is a low maintenance shrub. Otto Luyken Dwarf Cherry Laurel will grow to be about 4 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 7 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground. It grows at a medium rate. This shrub does best in full sun to partial shade. It does best in average to evenly moist conditions, but will not tolerate standing water. It is not particular as to soil pH, but grows best in rich soils, and is able to handle environmental salt. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments.



## Winter Gem Boxwood



The Winter Gem is one of the hardiest of the boxwoods. Low maintenance excellent evergreen shrub for small hedges. A moderate growing compact, mushroom-shaped shrub with dark green leaves in the summer and turn a olden bronze hue through winter. Without pruning will grow up to 4-7 ft tall and wide. Requires very little pruning. Soil should be kept moist, but not wet. Full sun produces best growth results, but can tolerate partial shade. Fertilize in spring.

## Variegated Boxwood

The variegated boxwood is a beautiful slow-growing, rounded low maintenance evergreen shrub.

Without pruning they can reach a height of 8 ft and 6 ft wide. The foliage is dark green and yellow variegated. They grow best in sun, but tolerate partial sun. Prefers well drained soils. Shears well.



## True Dwarf Boxwood



A true dwarf boxwood shrub is slow-growing, low maintenance plant that is easily shaped by pruning. Prized for their densely packed light-green leaves and rounded compact growth. Protect roots from heat by keeping a 3 inch layer of organic mulch. Require well-drained soil. Prefer protected and partial shaded areas, but will tolerate full sun.